

A Diversity of Data: Adventures in Aleph Batch Loading

IGeLU

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Introduction

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MARC Batch Loading Working Group

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- Pascal Calarco, Library Systems
- Mark Dehmlow, Electronic Resources
- Mary Lehman, Electronic Resources
- Eric Morgan, Digital Access & Information Architecture

Overview

- Goal: Create some discussion about batch loading now and what it could be
- Context and background
- Batch Loading and Limitations of tab_fix et. al.
- MARC
- Programming the way forward?
- The Future

“Its About the *Information*, Marty”



- *Sneakers* (1992)

Data Slinging: Core Business

- Activity shifted from Aleph functionality implementation/tweaking to all sorts of data automation
- Reporting: data marts, metrics, decision support
- MARCIVE: gov docs, authority processing
- Vendor records for microform sets, electronic products
- EDI: order, pay; multiple vendors, differences
- We spend a lot of time moving records around
 - How efficient is this?
 - Is there a better way?

Drivers: Title-level access to digital collections

- Large digital collections (EEBO, ECCO, etc.)
- eBooks
- E-Journals: SFX MARCIt services
- Newspaper collections
- Deep Historical collections:
 - Poetry, literature and drama collections
 - Area studies & subject collections
 - Map collections
 - Parliamentary papers & government collections

Discovery vs Inventory

- Most patron-based discovery/access only requires a handful of data points:
 - title, uniform title
 - subject
 - call number
 - URL
- Some extra data useful for bibliographies
 - publication information for books,
- Most data in a MARC record is administrative – it helps us distinguish items from each other, and keep tabs on publication frequencies, basic content and physical descriptions, where journals are indexed, record identifies, etc.
 - North American Title Count

Collections Access: Silos

- Challenges:
 - Proliferation of silos of information
 - Barriers to discovery and access
 - Opening rich digital collections to undergraduates, non-specialists
 - Variability of MARC quality and availability

Aleph Functionality Configuration

- `tab_match`: define match points for `manage_36` (eg. 035, 001, etc.)
- `tab_merge`: define merging routine to be used
- `tab_fix`: apply optional changes to incoming records; semi-scriptable
- `tab_match_merge`: match & merge routines & weights
- `tab_weights`: weighting parameters for matching
- `tab_merge_overlay`: defines fields to be overlaid/retained during loading
- `tab_z30`, `tab_mapping`: create holdings records for MARCIVE loading

Aleph MARC Loading: Steps

- Hasn't changed substantially since 2003
- Check input file against database (p_manage_36)
- Load catalog records (p_manage_18)
- Modify MARC records (p_file_08)
- Create Holdings and Item Records (p_manage_50)

Limitations of Fix Routines/Global Changes

- Add/delete an entire field
- Copy one field to another
- Cannot handle manipulation of 008 data
- Cannot handle complex routines at subfield level
- Global changes have little control over field load location (adds)
- How well does this scale?

Batch Loading

- Loading itself has few issues
 - # of records, batches 10,000+ starts to slow down indexing ~ workflow for staff
- Most issues in preparation and management
 - Need records to fit within local cataloging practices (change over time)
 - Local bases, format
 - Need way to recognize, search for, pull records out for addition, updating, deleting
- Consortial issues and ADM records

Challenges to Batch Loading Large Sets

- Catalog is “gentile” – requires many fields to have very specific formatting
- Variability in quality for vendor provided records
 - Records created by vendors
 - Black Drama authorities
 - Records repurposed from print
- Difficulty multiplies with holdings (n extra records)
- Staffing considerations
 - Some institutions have a dedicated person just for this purpose

The MARC Record

01259cam 2200301 a
4500005001700000006001900017007001500036008004100051020003300092020001600125035002300141040002100
1641000021001852450079002062600055002853000048003404400052003885040053004405060051004935330097005
44599001800641599001900659650003200678650004400710710002400754730003600778856014300814 2007081415
3553.0 m d cr un uuuua 030516s2003 nyuabo sb 001 0 eng
a0684314290 (electronic book) z0684312573 a(MiFhGG)0684314290 aDLC cDLC dMiFhGG 1
aStepto, Gabriel. 14 aThe African American years h[electronic resource] / cGabriel Burns Stepto.
aNew York, N.Y. : bCharles Scribner's Sons, cc2003. aix, 475 p. : bill., maps, photos. ; c29 cm.
0 aChronologies of American history and experience aIncludes bibliographical references and indexes.
aAccess restricted to subscribing institutions. aElectronic reproduction. bFarmington Hills,
Mi: cGale, d2003. nAvailable via World Wide Web. 99 anew d20080314 99 aauth d20080314
0 aAfrican Americans xHistory. 0 aAfrican Americans xHistory vChronology. 2 aThomson Gale
Film aGale virtual reference library. 40 uhttp://lib-
?url=http://galenet.galegroup.com/servlet/eBooks?site=2&to=Nm-CX3-019999&c=dre
ACCESS

PERL Automation or The “Brute Force” Approach

- The origins for this work came out of our MARCIt project
- Two processes:
 - Analysis script outputs field frequencies, information about what kind of record it is
 - Scripts are then written to make changes resulting from analysis

Programmatic MARC Record Manipulation

01259cam 2200301 a
45000050017000000060019000170070015000360080041000510200033000920200016001250350
02300141040002100164100002100185245007900206260005500285300004800340440005200388
50400530044050600510049353300970054459900180064159900190065965000320067865000440
0710710002400754730003600778856014300814□20070814153553.0□m^^^^^^d^^^^^^□cr
un ^^^uuuu□030516s2003^^^^nyuabo^^sb^^^^001^0^eng^^□ □a0684314290 (electronic
book)□ □z0684312573 □ □a(MiFhGG)0684314290 □ □aDLC□cDLC□dMiFhGG□1 □aStepto,
Gabriel.□14□aThe African American years□h[electronic resource] /□cGabriel Burns Stepto.□
□aNew York, N.Y. :□bCharles Scribner's Sons,□cc2003.□ □aix, 475 p. :□bill., maps, photos.
;□c29 cm.□ 0□aChronologies of American history and experience□ □aIncludes bibliographical
references and indexes.□ □aAccess restricted to subscribing institutions.□ □aElectronic
reproduction.□bFarmington Hills, Mi:□cGale,□d2003.□nAvailable via World Wide
Web.□99□anew□d20080314□99□aauth□d20080314□ 0□aAfrican Americans□xHistory.□
0□aAfrican Americans□xHistory□vChronology.□2 □aThomson Gale (Firm)□0 □aGale virtual
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proxy.nd.edu/login?url=http://galenet.galegroup.com/servlet/eBooks?ste=22&docNum=CX340919
9999&q=nd_ref□yClick for ONLINE ACCESS□□

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008 030516s2003 nyuabo sb 001 0 eng
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_z0684312573
035 _a(MiFhGG)0684314290
040 277aDLC2200301 a
45000050017000000060019000170070015000360080041000510200045000920350023001370400
0210016005002200181100002100203245007900224260005500303300004800358440005200406
050400530044550600510051153300970056259900180065959900190067765000320069665000440
0720710002400754730003600778856014300832□20070814153553.0□m d □cr un
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185h[electronic resource] Stepto, Gabriel.□14□aThe African American years□h[electronic
resource] /□cGabriel Burns Stepto.□ □aNew York, N.Y. :□bCharles Scribner's Sons,□cc2003.□
260aix, 475 p. :□bill., maps, photos. ;□c29 cm.□ 0□aChronologies of American history and
experience□cCharles Scribner's Sons□aIncludes bibliographical references and indexes.□ □aAccess restricted to
subscribing institutions.□ □aElectronic reproduction.□bFarmington Hills,
300i:□aGale,□d2003.□nAvailable via World Wide
Web.□99□anew□d20080123□99□aauth□d20080123□ 0□aAfrican Americans□xHistory.□
0□aAfrican Americans□xHistory□vChronology.□2 □aThomson Gale (Firm)□0 □aGale virtual
440ref.□cChronologies of American history and experience
500proxy and electronic bibliographic references and indexes
59999&q=nd_ref□yClick for ONLINE ACCESS□
533 _aElectronic reproduction.
_bFarmington Hills, Mi:
_cGale,
_d2003.
_nAvailable via World Wide Web.
599 99 _anew
_d20080123
599 99 _aauth
_d20080123
650 0 _aAfrican Americans
_xHistory.
650 0 _aAfrican Americans
_xHistory
_vChronology.
710 2 _aThomson Gale (Firm)

Analysis Report

<p>Serial, Monograph, Integrat Monograph encoding blank: 107 1: 0 2: 0 3: 0 4: 0 5: 0 6: 0 7: 0 8: 1 I: 0 K: 0 monograph with 006: 108 monograph with 006 = m monograph with 006 = s: monograph with 020: 108</p>	<p>Field 001 Total records with an 001 field: 108 Total records where 001 begins w There were no duplicate 001 field</p> <p>Field 003 Total records with an 003 field: 108 Total records where 003 begins w</p> <p>Field 003 MiFhGG appears 108 times in fie</p> <p>Field 006 Total records with 006: 108 Total monographs with 006: 108 Total monographs with 006 with c</p> <p>Field 007 Total records with 007: 108 Total records with c & r: 108</p> <p>Field 020 Total records with an 020 field: 108</p>	<p>Field 245 Total records with a 245 field: 108</p> <p>Field 260 Total records with a 260 field: 108</p> <p>Field 506 Total records with a 506 field: 0</p> <p>Field 533 Total records with a 533 field: 108</p> <p>Field 534 Total records with a 534 field: 107</p> <p>Subjects Total records with at least one LCSH heading: 108</p> <p>Field 856 Total records with one 856 field: 108 Total records with one 856 field and subfield 3: 0 Total records with many 856 fields: 0</p>
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Control Fields

- **Fixed Length Data Fields (006, 007, 008)**

- coded with “electronic” characteristics, used in indexes and virtual bases

- 006s, 007s, and 008s are added when not present
- 006s and 007s are all removed and re-added for ensured proper coding and consistency (006s and 007s are fairly uncommon on print records)
- 008 is only modified when it is present (only doesn't appear on non-enhanced records)

006 L m ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ d ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^ ^

computer file type of computer file is a document

007 L cr ^ m n u ^ ^ ^ u u u u u


e-resource remotely accessed

008 L 050504 u u u u u u u u x x ^ u u ^ p s s ^ ^ ^ ^ u 0 ^ ^ ^ ^ 0 e n g ^ d

form of original item electronic form of cataloged item electronic

Control Fields

Periodicals, E-Resource indexes depend on FMT, 008

UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES Notre Dame | Saint Mary's | Holy Cross | Bethel | ND Law | Other Catalogs 

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- Advanced Search
- Command Search
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- Feedback
- Find Articles

Sign-in (My Account/Renew Loans)
Barcode: [About](#)
Verification:

Full catalog | Periodicals | E-Resources | Reserves | More

ND Full Catalog - Basic Search

Search type: Search for:

Keyword Anywhere
Title begins with...
Title Keyword
Author (last name first)
Author Keyword
Subject begins with...
Subject Keyword
Call Number begins with...
[More Search Options](#)

Examples:
"civil war"
womIn and executives
africa* and fiction

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Record Changes

```
000016212 FMT L SE
000016212 LDR L -----nas--2200289-a-4500
000016212 006 L mn^880261d6^^^^^^
000016212 003 L SFXmnu^^^uuuuu
000016212 008 L 880803c19879999mx-qr-pss-----0----0spa--
000016212 010 L $$asn-88026116-
000016212 022 L $$x0187-5337
000016212 035 L $$a(OCOLC)18307370
000016212 035 L $$a(SFX)991042748139142
000016212 040 L $$aDNLM$$cDNLM
000016212 0410 L $$aspa$$beng
000016212 042 L $$alcd
000016212 06000 L $$aW1$$bPE788HJ
000016212 0900 L $$aPerinatologÃ-a y reproducciÃ³n humana (Online)
000016212 24500 L $$aPerinatologÃ-a y reproducciÃ³n humana$$b$eINPeronic resource]
000016212 260 L $$aMexico :$$bInstituto Nacional de PerinatologÃ-a,
000016212 300 L $$av. :$$bill., ports.
000016212 310 L $$aQuarterly
000016212 3621 L $$aBegan with: Vol. 1, no. 1 (enero-marzo 1987).
000016212 508 L $$aModerateonebased World Wide Webno. 4 (oct.-dic. 1987); title from cover.
000016212 546 L $$aArticles in Spanish; summaries in English and Spanish.
000016212 890 L $$aBNKMMARCIt Record
000016212 650 2 L $$aPerinatology$$vPeriodicals.
000016212 650 2 L $$aReproduction$$vPeriodicals.
000016212 7102 L $$aInstituto Nacional de PerinatologÃ-a (Mexico)
000016212 856 L $$uhttp://findtext.library.nd.edu:8889/ndu_local?sid=sfx:opac_856&issn=0187-5337
&pid=serviceType=getFullTxt&genre=journal
000016212 866 L $$xSciELO:Full Text$$a Availability: from 2002 volume 16 issue 1 to 2002 volume 16 issue 4
000016212 CAT L $$c20040616$$lJNL99$$h1735
000016212 SRC L $$aCONSER
```

MARCI^t Non-enhanced Record (Before)

Journal: Archipelago

```
000016405 LDR L -----nas-a22-----z--4500
000016405 022 L $$a1402-3357
000016405 035 L $$a(SFX)1000000000018746
000016405 090 L $$a1000000000018746
000016405 245 L $$aArchipelago
000016405 856 L
    $$uhttp://findtext.library.nd.edu:8889/ndu_local?sid=sfx:op
    ac_856&issn=1402-
    3357&pid=serviceType=getFullTxt&genre=journal
000016405 866 L $$xGaleGroup Informe:Full Text$$a
    Availability: from 2002
```

MARCIt Non-enhanced Record (After)

Journal: Archipelago

■ Additions

■ Modifications

■ Deletions

000016405 FMT L SE
000016405 LDR L ^^^nas^a22^^^z^^4500
000016405 006 L m^^^^^^d^^^^^^
000016405 007 L cr^mnu^^^uuuuu
000016405 008 L 050504uuuuuuuuuxx^uu^pss^^^u0^^^0eng^d
000016405 022 L \$\$y1402-3357
000016405 035 L \$\$a(SFX)1000000000018746
000016405 090 L \$\$a1000000000018746
000016405 1300 L \$\$aArchipelago (Online)
000016405 24500 L \$\$aArchipelago\$\$h[electronic resource].
000016405 538 L \$\$aMode of access: World Wide Web.
000016405 590 L \$\$aSFX MARCIt Record
000016405 85640 L
 \$\$uhttp://findtext.library.nd.edu:8889/ndu_local?sid=sfx:op
 ac_856&pid=serviceType=getFullTxt&iissn=1402-
 3357&genre=journal
000016405 866 L \$\$xGaleGroup Informe:Full Text\$\$a
 Availability: from 2002

Record Modifications

- **Some modifications complex**
 - removal or additions of only portions of a string or subfield
 - for example, configuring 130 or 240 requires placing word Online within parentheses if they exist, or within its own parens if they don't:

000000003 1300 L \$\$aPlanning (Chicago, Ill. : 1969) *changed to*

000000003 1300 L \$\$aPlanning (Chicago, Ill. : 1969 : Online)

Loading

Using the “Check Input File” (p_manage_36 in Aleph) routine:

- (Adds, Changes, Deletions) - Determines which records already exist in the system, creates two lists – 1) list of new records, 2) list of update records with proper system number
 - requires an index for the search field
 - this is the search we set up in tab_match:
SFXA match_doc_gen
TYPE=IND,TAG=035##,CODE=035A,SUBFIELD=a

And just when you thought it was over ...

Don't forget the Authorities

Our authority maintenance reports exploded, the subject report went from 5 to 73 page

➤ authority flags for items like:

`$$aAutomobile industry and
trade$$zJapan$$vStatistics$$vPeriodicals`

➤ wrote a visual basic script program to modify the reports in Excel and pull out lines that would be ignored, brought reports back to 7 pages

Phew!

- Tastes great, less filling!
- No wonder we don't all load these collections.
- There has to be a better way.

Going Forward

Approaches

1. Load the records dirty, only for discovery
2. Modify to cataloging standards
3. ILS as inventory, decoupled discovery

Dirty Loads Approach

- Load records with minimal modifications
- Benefits
 - provides basic access points from catalog
 - requires no extra discovery system
- Drawbacks
 - may pollute the swimming pool
 - may not mix with like items



Si Se Puede Approach

- Making adequate changes to records to meet cataloging standards
 - Optional aggregate changes script
- Benefits
 - The catalog contains every item library has access to
 - Doesn't require decoupled discovery system
- Drawbacks
 - Expensive in time and staff
 - Requires a significant amount of maintenance
 - Time could be invested on what libraries do well – special collections, etc.



ILS as Inventory

- Database of record for physical items
- Appropriate detail level for reporting, decision support
 - augmented with information from discovery environment for NATC, etc
- Access/Collection-level records for digital collections in ILS
- Items in digital collection loaded into discovery system

ILS as Inventory Approach

- Benefits
 - Decoupled discovery system:
 - trend in next generation systems
 - provides more intuitive findability
 - is less fragile
 - has only critical discovery points
 - can be blown away and repopulated
- Drawbacks
 - Requires a decoupled discovery system
 - Reporting on those things outside the ILS requires an added process, may lose some of the specificity



What we are thinking for the way forward

- Assessment of record on access points, not its completeness and well-formedness
- Load records into decoupled discovery system to provide access
- For the most part, these will be static records going in, maybe define a generic input for all batch records

Benefits for User

- Available to user in much faster way – some access is better than NO access
- Catch up on backlog of records, reinvest time on other projects
- Uncovering rich, deep collections that people are unaware of

The URM?

- What does this mean in the context of the URM?
- Relationship to the knowledgebases?
- Localization of data?
- Replication and sharing of data?

Thank You

