GELU CONFERENCE, HAIFA 2011

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UNIVERSITY OF HAIFA

HOWTOTE&CHO CATALOGING THROUGH MARC21 AND PRIMO

INTRODUCTION

I teach Cataloging and Metadata on in four different institutions and with three kinds of students.

In every place I teach otherwise – o according to student levels and institutional demands.

GROUP A

- 1. The department of Information

 Studies in the Western Galilee
 Academic College the students are studying to general B.A.
- Most of them don't intend to be librarians or catalogers.
- Their course includes Acquisition and Classification.
- Let's call them "Group A". ●

GROUP B

- 2. Students to 2nd degree or MLS ⊚ in University of Haifa and Gordon College of Education.
- After graduating they suppose to work in libraries or information centers.
- Let's call them "Group B". ●

- 3. New and senior catalogers of from academic libraries (using Aleph 500).
- They renew their knowledge and study new topics and procedures.
- Let's call them "Group C". ●

Please remember that the Hebrew language is not so easy. It starts from the right to the left and we use short and long vowels. Recently we decided to migrate to long vowels in authors' fields - after 107 years of using short vowels.

THE METHODOLOGY

In the past I taught all of them • the rational of unification of MARC system + functioning the fields from 001 to 999.

The disadvantage – it seems to ● the students a lot of information to remember, partly of non-using fields.

THE METHODOLOGY

Every presentation contains • explanations and examples – corrected and uncorrected Catalogings from different libraries.

And then I tried a second method – to teach by material types – books, serials, audio-visual, ematerials, offprint, websites, etc.

THE METHODOLOGY

The disadvantage – Lots of • repeats to different materials.

Lately I understood that the best oway is to fit another system to each group of students.

GROUP A

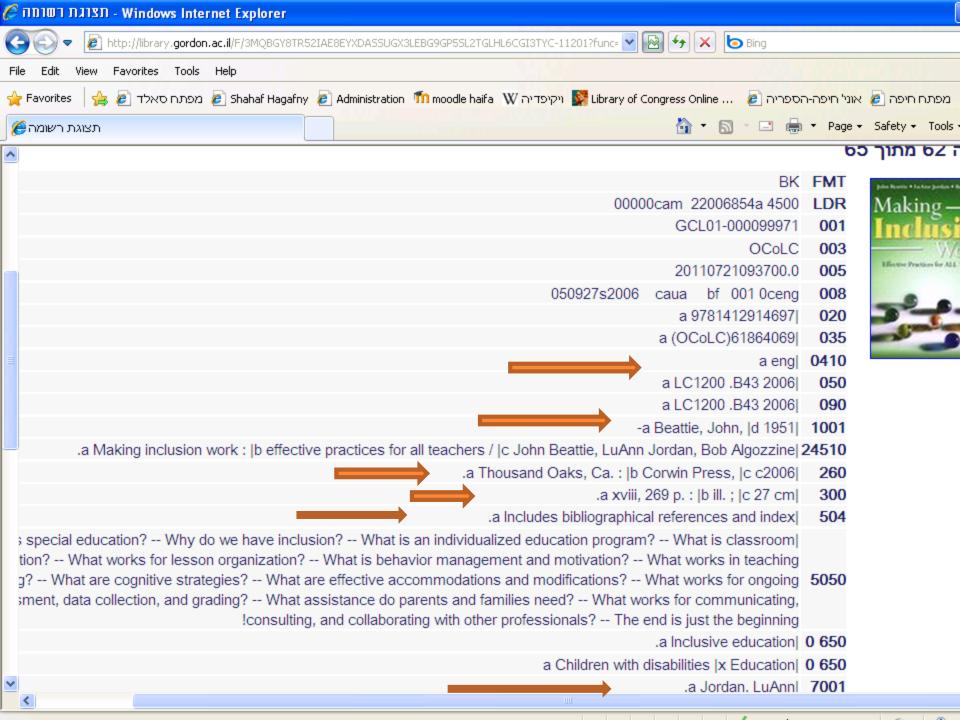
Since the students of "Group A" ● probably will not be librarians or ● cataloguers, then what is most important is to understand the ratio of organizing and accessing information.

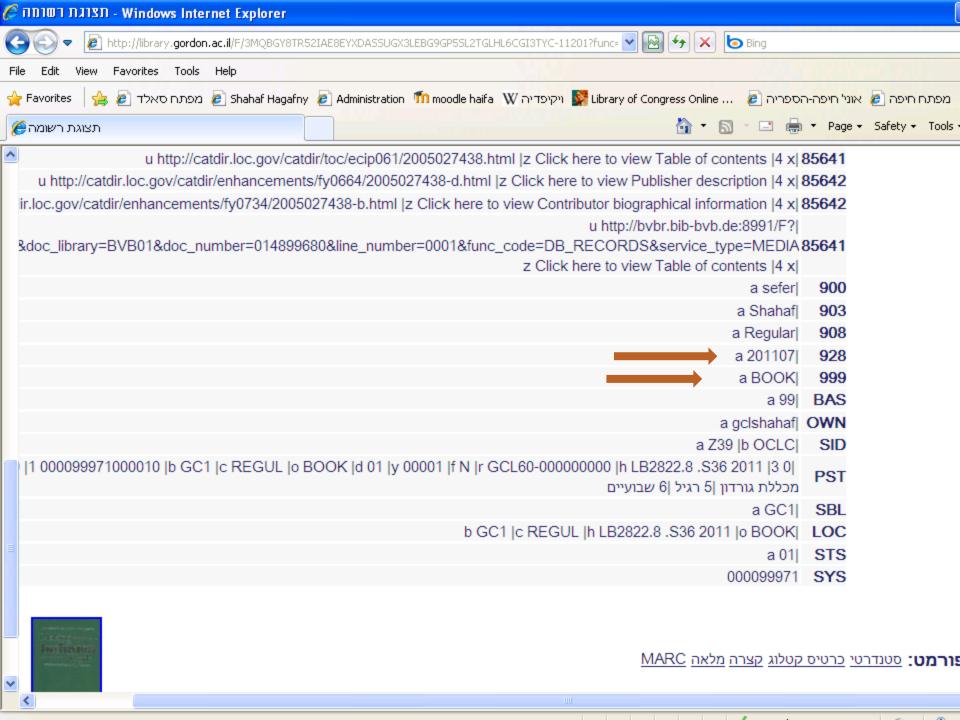
Therefore it is not necessary to odetail the control fields (006-008)

GROUP A

- Or fields like 024-028, 246 1, ,

 530-538, 740, 773-776, 800811,996-997, 50500.
- Instead I prefer to emphasize removable fields as 1XX, 24X, 7XX, 020-022, 830 0 & 490 1, 856.
- To every explanation there is a transparency with an example.

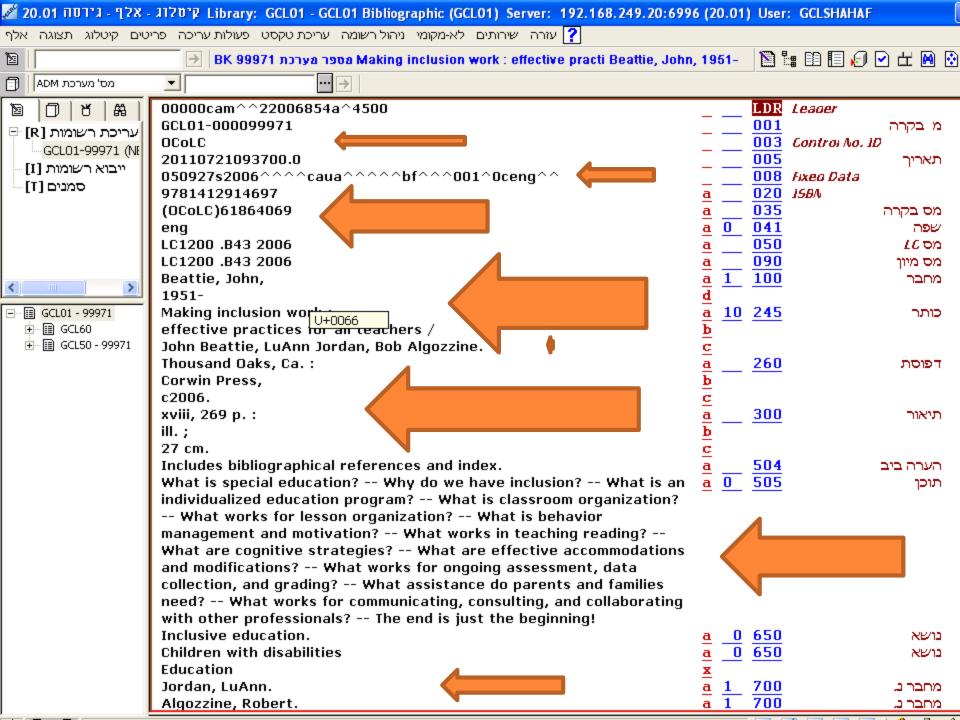


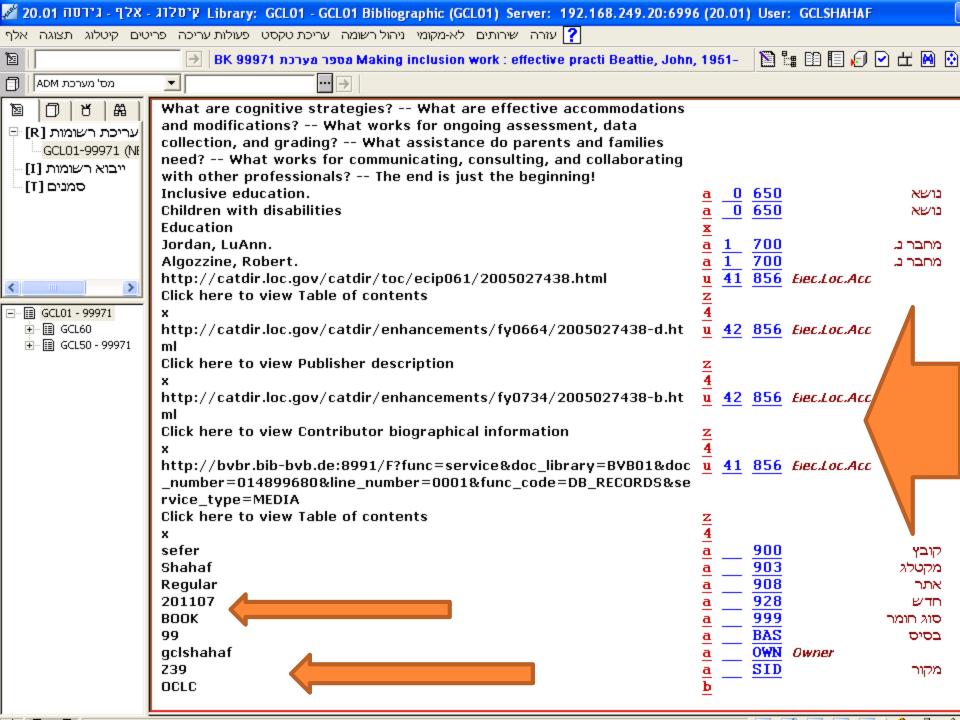


GROUP B

The "Group B" are the students of that will be librarians, some of them even cataloguers.

They must understand more of about the essence of the controlled and access fields (and all the fields I mentioned in page 12).





The "Group C" are the ● professional cataloguers. They must know everything about cataloguing.

I try to add descriptions of one analytic catalogues, articles, electronic objects, websites and so on.

In the next year I intend to one enlarge the mentoring of the RDA system.

If there are new catalogues in • these classes, I try to teach them separately.

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HOW TO MATCH?

In this stage I try to match ● between methods and groups.

When I teach students from © Group A, I describe the most important MARC fields step by step (001-999).

HOW TO MATCH?

The method I practice with the students of Group B is teaching according to material types, emphasizing the relevance of the common fields.

In this case I detail more fields • then in the first method.

HOW TO MATCH?

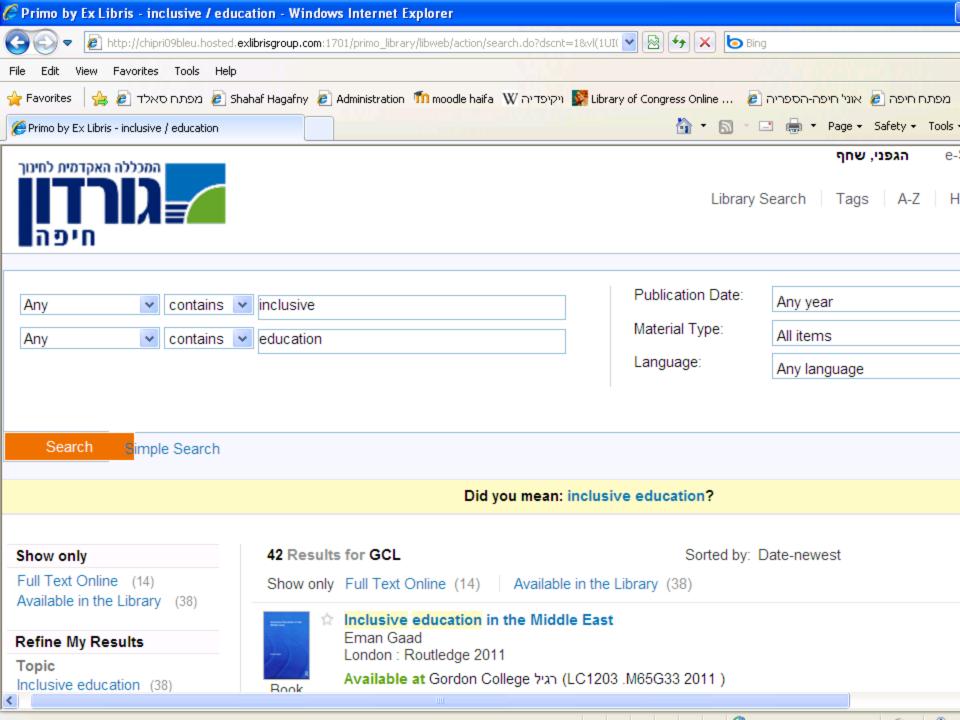
The 3rd method with Group C is enlargement of all MARC fields, including control fields and fields like 880 (used by LC) or 956 (by ULS).

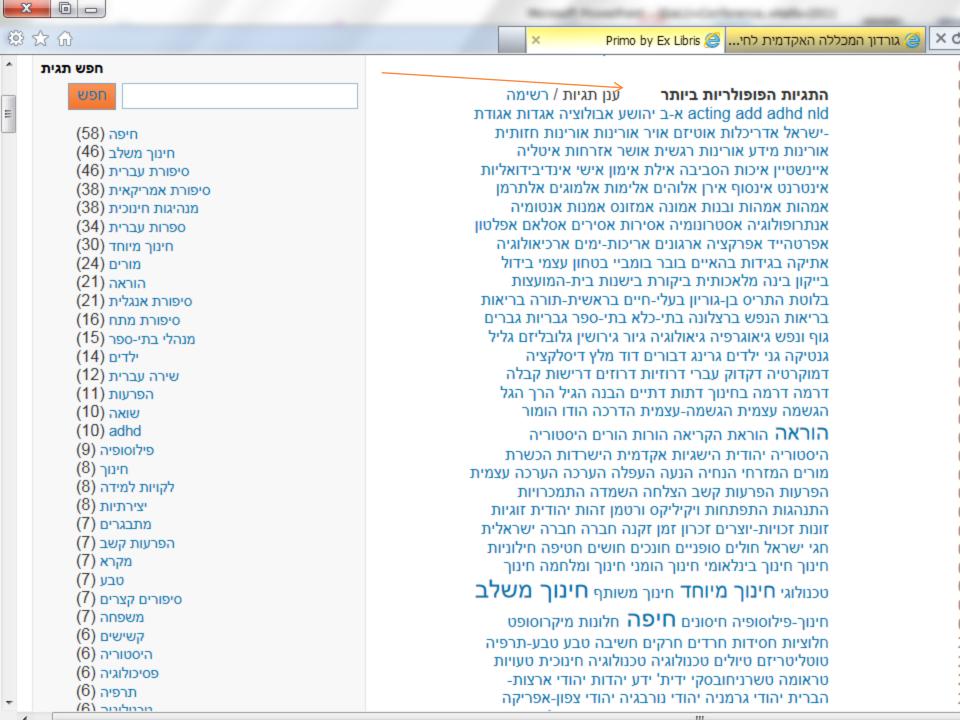
The fields are tested in ocorrelation to every MT separately.

PRIMO INSTRUCTIONS

I also teach groups B and C some of aspects of Primo: "Googleian searches", clouds and tags, adding critics and connections to databases like Amazon and WorldCat.

Textbooks





THANK YOU FOR LISTENING

