THE AUSTRIAN LIBRARY NETWORK AND SERVICE LTD.



#### PRIMO IN AUSTRIA

MAXIMIZING FUNCTIONALITY AND MINIMIZING INDIVIDUAL EFFORTS BY RESOURCES SHARING WITHIN A HOMOGENOUS CONSORTIUM

WOLFGANG HAMEDINGER, VICTOR BABITCHEV

THE 5TH IGELU 2010 CONFERENCE 30.08 – 01.09.2010, GHENT BELGIUM

#### **AGENDA**

- INITIAL SITUATION
- TOWARDS A SOLUTION
- STATUS
- IMPLEMENTATION
   objectives / issues & pitfalls / solutions / demo
- EXPERIENCES and TO DO
- EFFORTS (RESOURCES) and COSTS
- NEXT STEPS
- CONCLUSION



#### **Initial situation 2007/2008**

#### Lots of relevant electronic materials

- Electronic journals/articles
- E-books
- Tables of content and other enrichment information
- Theses
- Genuine scientific production of the institutions

Administration of material via different and not smoothly interacting systems



#### Initial situation 2007/2008

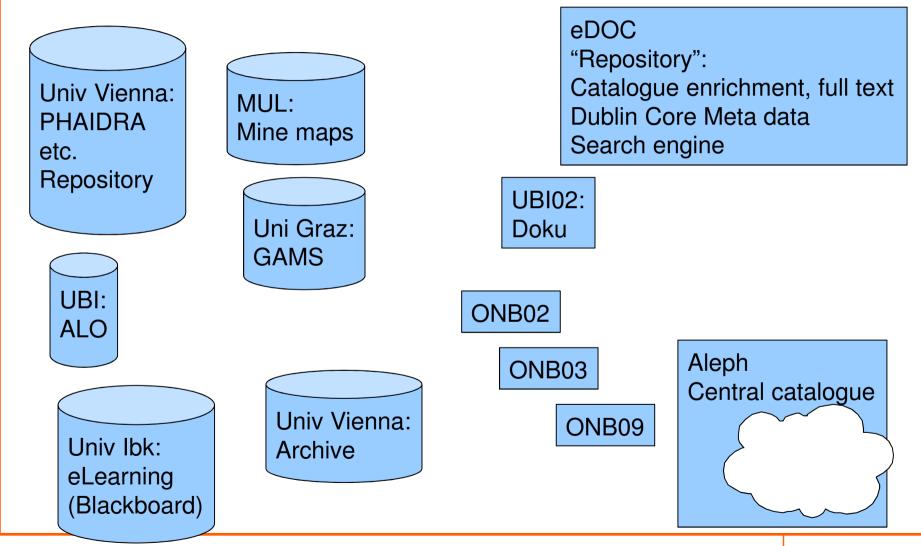
#### Insufficient meta data information and indexing

- Only parts of the existing information are catalogued and indexed
- Enrichment information for information available only after finding the record
- Different search strategies and systems necessary
- Unsatisfying usage of expensive material due to lack of search facilities

Not only students but also scientists are more and more using Google and Co for looking up research material

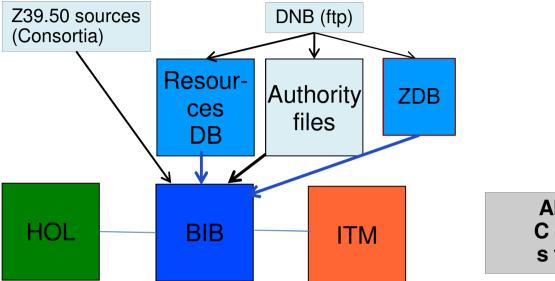


#### Data sources: a sample of materials within the consortium



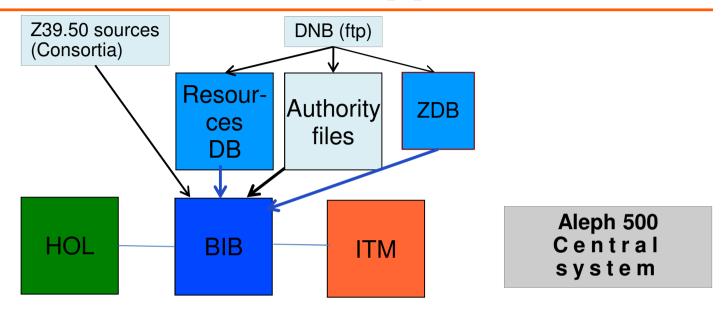


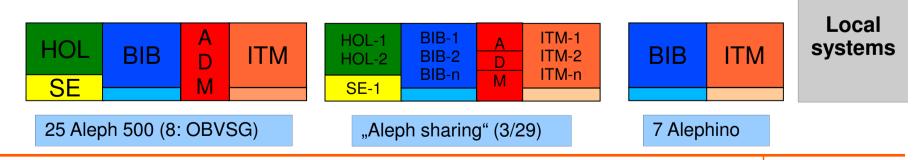
#### **Consortium data source and data flow [1]**



Aleph 500 Central system

#### Consortium data source and data flow [2]

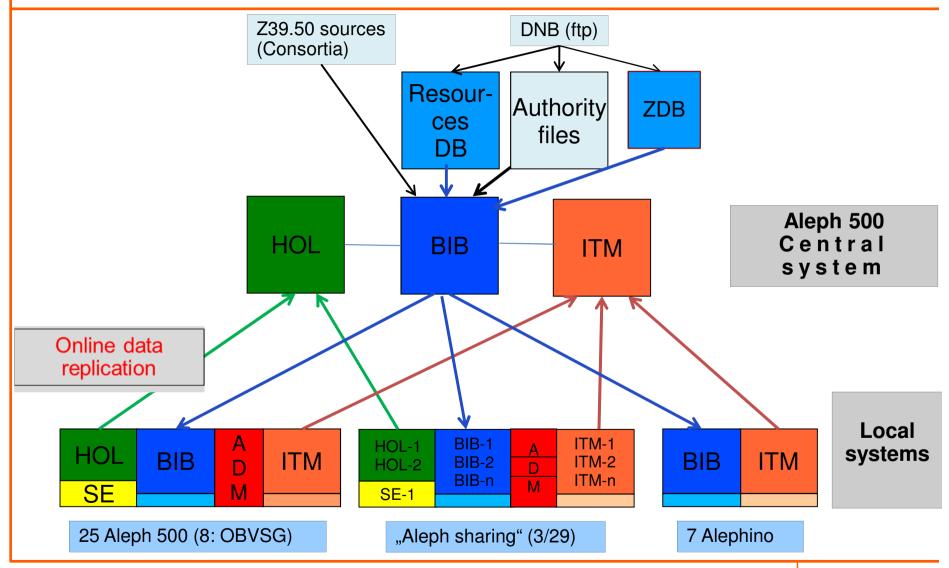






7

#### Consortium data source and data flow [3]



#### Remarks on the architecture

#### Almost homogeneous structure

- Started with pure Aleph-systems
- in the meantime also Alephino-systems included

Dispatch of features over one central and many local systems with the general guideline

"As much central as necessary, but as much local as possible"

#### this provides

- Flexibility
- High degree of synergy



#### **Economic constraints**

Central database without duplicates as policy – not a union catalogue for lucky historical reasons

- Specialised on cataloguing using all possibilities like authority data, resource databases, Z-sources
- Catalogue enrichment
- Other services of general use and interest

Bidirectional data replication between central system and local system

- Every user benefits from data improvement automatically



#### **Economic constraints**

## Changes in law – no more possibilities of direct central funding by the ministry for libraries

- Newly proposed projects are in competition with other university duties
- Necessity of self organization within the consortium
- So we have to use all possible synergies of our consortial
   architecture

### RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Recommendations of working group to general assembly

- 1. Use of search engine technology in conformance with general user behaviour
- 2. "Completeness": Cover all relevant materials of an institution and use it from a single search point ("One-stop-shop") [means not only the library!]
- 3. "Accuracy": cover only material, which can be immediately delivered by the institution
- 4. Include article data with abstracts and catalogue enrichment
- 5. Use all assets of the existing consortium architecture
  - a. Uniform processing mechanism for used data
  - b. As much central implementation as possible



#### Recommendations of working group to general assembly

- 6. Use a model for harvesting data from distributed central/local repositories
- 7. Create local views with institutional "Corporate Identity", which respect available material and licence situation
- Use full text indexing for very special and manageable material of the institutions [like theses and own research papers]
- 9. Fund the necessary resources for implementation and permanent operation

September 3rd, 2008



### **TOWARDS A SOLUTION**

#### Facts:

- Main source of data is the central database, because we use shared cataloguing
- Holdings information resides in the local library systems and in the linking resolver databases
- All data enrichment information is linked to central bibliographic records

#### Facts:

- Due to the architecture of the consortium we can pull the local holdings information to the central site automatically nearly for free (it needs little bit additional bandwidth and hardware)
- A replacement for the OPAC only will always be too expensive
- The search interfaces have to be flexible enough for our local institutions



#### Concept:

- Concentrate all efforts on a uniform centralized data preparation method with a big common and homogeneous index pool
- Use all assets of the existing architecture, infrastructure and cooperation
- Establish a centrally implemented and operated installation of this index base



#### Concept:

- Use appropriate slices out of this pool for single institutions
- Find a multi tenant solution, which gives every institution the responsibility of tailoring their search interface to its needs within the given technical restrictions of a common solution
- Create a central service with standard features, which can be easily reused by new participants

#### "Its the reality, sometimes also stupid"

#### Going Primo, Part 1

- Intense discussions started from mid 2007
- Contacts with early adopters at IGeLU conference
- Some serious contacts between potential Austrian customers and Ex Libris in June 2008
- Principle recommendations of the working group
- Study visit at Copenhagen

Primo Version 2 lacks multi tenant capabilities, generates data redundancies and has only a rough concept of full text indexing with many limitations



#### "Its the reality, sometimes also stupid"

#### Going Primo, Part 2

- Developer workshop with Ex Libris in Jerusalem, begin of December 2008
  - In depth discussion of situation, needs and direction of development
  - Concept of step by step solution
  - Very intense and fruitful meeting
- Delegates recommended to go with Primo in spite of the current limitations, if development of solution path and appropriate time frame becomes part of the contract



#### "Its the reality, sometimes also stupid"

#### Going Primo, Part 2

- Sign of main contract on December 15<sup>th</sup>, 2008
- Technical tests in January 2009
- Implementation starts with Kick-off meeting on February 26<sup>th</sup>, 2009

## **STATUS**

#### **Status: Highlights**

The implementation of the system lasted a little bit longer than 3 months – about 1 year

We achieved important functionalities

- Consortium Primo with one installation for many participants
- Full text indexing
- Development of standard procedures, work frames and templates for reuse by new Primo users

Implementation phase ended mid 2010 – we are in the full production now

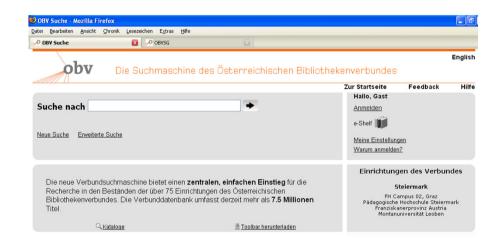
... and it is a rather complex Primo installation ...

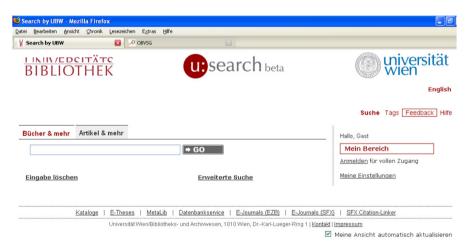


#### Status: What have we achieved?

- Implementation of technical and organisational infrastructure
- >4 Primo views in production
- Full integration of eDOC data
- ➤ Integration of MetaLib / SFX
- Enrichment by IVSCAN articles
- Authentification via Shibboleth
- Web 2.0 functionalities + gadgets









#### **Status: Statistics**

Status: May 2010

	Consortiu m BIB	Articles IVSCAN	eDOC	Local BIB	SFX	Meta- Lib	Sum
UBI	1.481.354	272.411	132.985	226.219	42.254	75	2.022.373
UBW	3.000.875	455.131	183.606	2201210	62.020	401	3.518.427
OBV	7.619.183	-	301.965		-	-	7.619.183

**Total BIB** 12.101.412

IVSCAN: Title information without holdings, transported from consortium to local

Primo view (about 650.000 articlesl)

Enrichment data from eDOC (about 420.000 objects) eDOC:

Local BIB: Local data (without consortium AC-ID) from UBI01



#### **Status: Next participants**

Institution	Production	Version
University of Veterinary Medicine Vienna	few weeks ago	2
		Migration to 3
Vienna University of Economics	2010 Q. 3 - 4	3
University of Graz	2010 Q. 4	3
University of applied Sciences Vienna	2011 Q. 1	3
Austrian National Library	2011 Q. 1	3

## PITFALLS DURING THE IMPLEMENTATION

How the implementation was running in Austria?

#### Initial expectations

- sure we will confront some obstacles
- but we will overcome them in any way
- and will come to finish well, perhaps with a small delay



#### Looking back at our most "famous obstacles"

- Project management
  - Lack of communication between partners (initial phase)
  - Steering Committee was set up rather late
  - Exl reaction time on bug fixes was not always satisfactory
    - → Frustration, especially when critical issues delayed.....



- System administration
  - Analysis of errors and log files was challenging
  - We missed badly a good training and more complete documentation
- Authentication (PDS/Shibboleth)
  - a lot of time was lost documentation incomplete
  - we missed expertise from Ex Libris



- Full text indexing one of the most critical functionalities
  - We suffered from bugs and undocumented implementation specialties
  - Intense analysis of possible solutions by OBVSG and joint development with ExI of approaches to our problems
    - → happily that we could work direct with core ExI developers ©



## Pitfalls = **higher** project costs!



# IMPLEMENTATION Objectives, Issues and Solutions

#### **Objectives 2009 - Base Primo Implementation**

- Integrate Central data
- Implement standard Primo functionalities
- Implement solutions and workflows enabling easy integration of new institutions
- High level of automation for all operations
- Operational stability and high availability

Switch Primo Online for the first three Institutions!



#### **Building Base Primo Implementation**



## building a good base Primo implementation



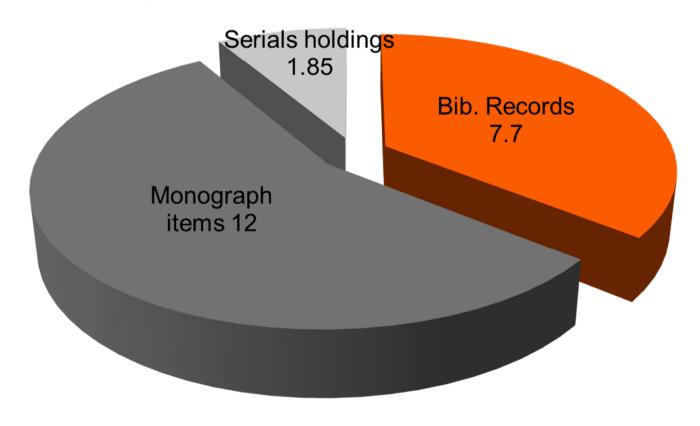
#### **Central Data**



What does it consist of?

#### Central Data - Aleph

# Aleph Consortium database - data of 80 institutions (million records)



#### **Central Data – Aleph**

### Central catalog contains the main data to build a Primo data source for any institution

Aleph Publishing Mechanism (APM) well integrates extended data from authority and holdings records

→ just set it right up



#### Central Data - Aleph

## A local ILS contains all Aleph data for the local Primo View

Does all this data exist centrally?

NO!



#### Central Data - Aleph

#### How can it be solved?

- We bring missing local <u>fields</u> (classifications etc.) into the Central catalog in HOL-records (by means of automatic data replication)
- ILS <u>records</u> not presented centrally, institutions can publish locally



#### Two words about eDOC repository (since 2004)

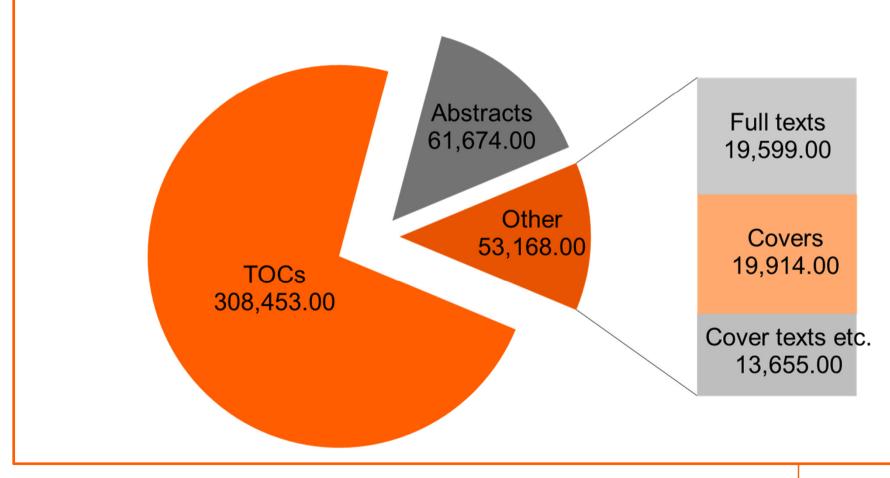
- In-house developed (MySQL based)
- Primary tool for catalog enrichment projects
- eDOC <u>updates Aleph</u> with links & Aleph links its objects
- Objects can be stored in eDOC, at institutions or somewhere else

<u>text contents</u> of objects (out of \*.pdf etc.) are all <u>stored in eDOC</u>

→ a search engines-friendly repository ©



### Central repository eDOC (total ~424.000 objects linked to Central catalog)



#### It is too little to setup Primo for Catalog data only

- We need fully integrate eDOC data and workflows into Primo
- Primo search engine can search text data and it should work for us from the start

We have data and experience of doing it with another search engine...



#### eDOC objects to be indexed in Primo

- TOCs
- Abstracts
- Full texts

they should also be searchable in separate Primo indexes!



#### And last but not least - full text updates

- Changes in eDOC should cause changes in Primo:
  - Updates
  - Deletions

Remember, we are talking here about texts extracted from objects only!



#### **Implement Standard Primo Functionalities**

#### **Implement Primo standard functions**

We are consortium, and not all Primo features out-of-the-box work so good as for stand-alone installations!

Note, we are talking here about Primo 2.1.x (our production version is 2.1.10)



#### **Implement Standard Primo Functionalities**

#### The essentials are:

- Building Primo data sources
  - out of Central data of consortium
  - Real Time Availability (RTA)
  - Full text indexing
- Work with Back Office for multi-institutions
- Front End parameterization
- Authentication (Shibboleth)



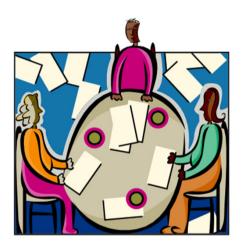
#### Implementing Primo – Issues and Problems

"Building Primo data sources" –
became the most critical and challenging
item in the project, therefore it deserved a
special attention here!



#### Implementing Primo – Issues and Problems

 Our Aleph consortium software is "made by Exl" but it does not fully suit Primo models



Compromises and future solutions became our business

#### Implementation Issues - Central Data

No efficient solution to produce Primo data sources for institutions from the Central Catalog

"existing options" bring big data redundancies

#### How would we want to have it?

Just to extract records of institution A from the central database!

#### What was possible out-of-the-box?

- Always load all central records into Primo database
- Then filter data out (e.g. via a view search scopes)

for us it would mean 23m records instead of 12m (in 2009)



#### Implementation Issues ntral Data

No efficient solu institutions fro

"existing optic

How wou'

Just \*

#### How was it,

- ے Always load
- Then filter data c

for us it would mean



> Primo data sources for

rdancies



.se

J of 12m (in 2009)



#### Implementation Issues – Central Data

- No local bibl.-system numbers stored centrally
  - mandatory for (RTA) implementation a critical local
     Primo function
  - used to build back links to local OPACs



- Too much administrative data stored centrally >1.500 lines in tab\_sub\_library.lng
  - it can only be partially interpreted by Primo and with high parameterization efforts



#### Implementation Issues - Central Data

#### **Challenges**



#### Full text indexing: there are two options Primo offers:

- integrate texts into pnx records (A)
- write a customer Java plug-in specified by ExI (B)
- (A) not practical, especially for repositories
- (B) may satisfy our requirements but ...
  - → we would be the 1st who will do it ⊗
  - → Exl agreed on support if necessary ©



#### Implementation Issues – Central Data

#### **Challenges**



- Some good catalog data loaded centrally and our libraries eager to have them locally
  - 650.000 article records from 38.000 congress and serial titles
  - institutions have only main title records and wanted to search them by articles!

#### For OBVSG it would be a complex Aleph project

→ We should make Primo work for us and push these records into institutions views



#### **Implementation Issues - Central Data**

#### Let's sum our problems up

Primo would do the job for us should we provide all that missing data!



#### How can we deal with this?

It seems that "help yourself" is our only choice...



#### **Local Data Processing – as Solution**

## We need to implement a local data processing that:

- enriches data prepared by APM
- integrates eDOC
- implements indexing plug-in enabling Primo full text indexing
- runs efficiently and automatically (as it would be a part of standard Primo)

#### **PPS – Primo Data Preparation System**

#### To solve our data problems we developed PPS

PPS is an application layer that runs after APM and before central Aleph Primo pipes

#### APM **PPS** Aleph Primo processes: Changes in Processes - pipes BIB, changes • Z00p - imports holdings, Produces eDOC data pnx-exten-AUT XML files (for index. sions (FT-(Z00p)plug-in) indexing) more...



APM – Aleph Publishing Mechanism

#### **PPS – Base Principles**

### PPS processing principles

Get XML content direct from Aleph Z00P record

Process XML data as necessary (enrich it, check linked records etc.)

Produce modified XML as a ready data source for Primo pipes

We began with PPS in 04.2009, productive it runs from 10.2009



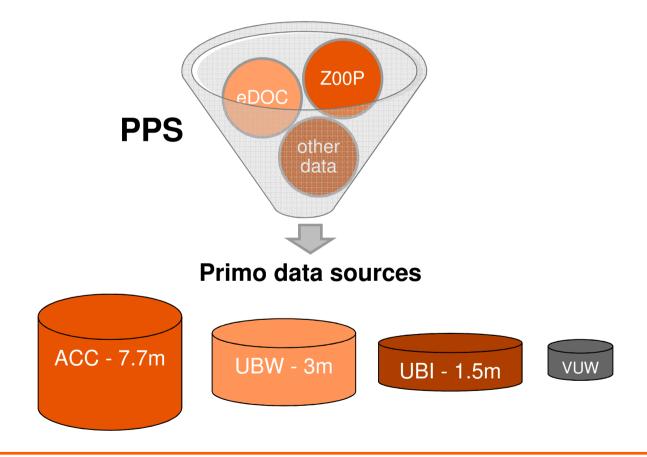
#### **PPS - Results**

## .... PPS helped us indeed to solve the data problems!



#### **PPS – Producing Primo Data Sources**

From Z00P and eDOC PPS produces redundant-free Primo data sources for institutions



#### **PPS – Producing Data Sources**

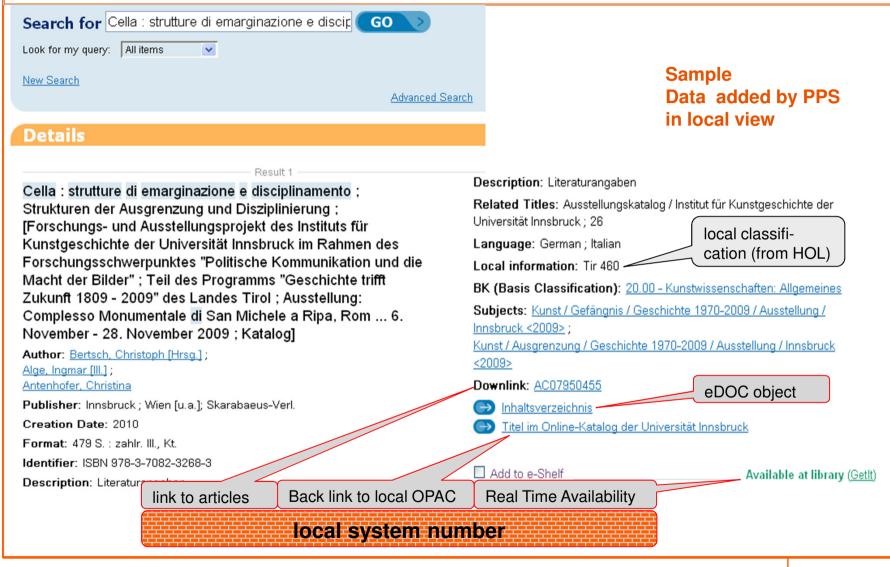
### Each institution receives the following data from the central sources:

- a copy of consortium record
- local fields (classification etc.) from central HOL records
- additional data (e.g. article records of serials/collections)
- eDOC objects
- local system numbers of bibl. records

All this, along with data from other local pipes (incl. SFX, ML etc.), provides a **SOlid basis** to build a **good local Primo view** in our consortium installation ©



#### **PPS – Demo: Title in Local Display Innsbruck**





#### **PPS – Demo: Title in Central Display**

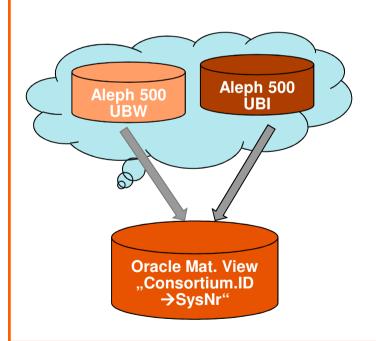
#### **Details** Back to results list Result 1 -Sample Cella : strutture di emarginazione e disciplinamento ; Strukturen der **Data added by PPS** Ausgrenzung und Disziplinierung; [Forschungs- und Ausstellungsprojekt in Consortium view des Instituts für Kunstgeschichte der Universität Innsbruck im Rahmen des Forschungsschwerpunktes "Politische Kommunikation und die Macht der Bilder": Teil des Programms "Geschichte trifft Zukunft 1809 - 2009" des Landes Tirol; Ausstellung: Complesso Monumentale di San Michele a Ripa, Rom ... 6. November - 28. November 2009; Katalog Author: Bertsch, Christoph [Hrsq.]; Alge, Ingmar [III.]; Antenhofer, Christina Subjects: Kunst; Gefängnis; Geschichte 1970-2009; Ausstellung; Innsbruck < 2009>; Kunst; Ausgrenzung; Geschichte 1970-2009; Ausstellung; Innsbruck < 2009> IDL BK (Basis Classification): 20.00 - Kunstwissenschaften: Allgemeines is the inst. code. Format: 479 S.: zahlr. III., Kt. **Description:** Literaturangaben calc. by PPS, Related Titles: Ausstellungskatalog / Institut für Kunstgeschichte der Universität Innsbruck ; 26 added to MARC Publisher: Innsbruck ; Wien [u.a.]; Skarabaeus-Verl. XML from link to articles ("native") Creation Date: 2010 Language: German : Italian items/holdings Identifier: ISBN 978-3-7082-3268-3 fields after Unique consortium ID: AC07950455 processing of Downlink: AC07950455 tab sub library. Titel im Online-Katalog des OBV link to eDOC (FT-search) Inhaltsverzeichnis \_\_\_ Add to e-Shelf Availability and location: link to local OPACs via Österr, Nationalbibliothek added by PPS field IDL University of Innsbruck



#### **PPS – Behind the Scene: System Numbers**

#### How local system numbers are obtained?

- PPS accesses direct indexes of local Aleph systems via SQL\*NET
- for a higher efficiency, the extracted pairs Bib.ID→SysNr are stored centrally (as Oracle materialized views)



While building a data source for institution UBW PPS does:

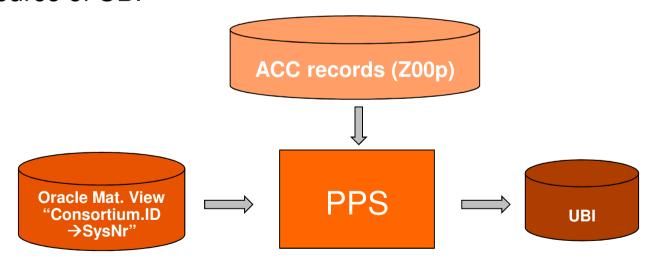
- from each central record it takes Bibl.ID and checks it against the UBW part of table
- if ID found, then this central record is taken along with its local SysNr and written to the data source of UBW



#### **PPS – Behind the Scene: Linking Articles**

#### How central article records pushed to local views? Sample UBI.

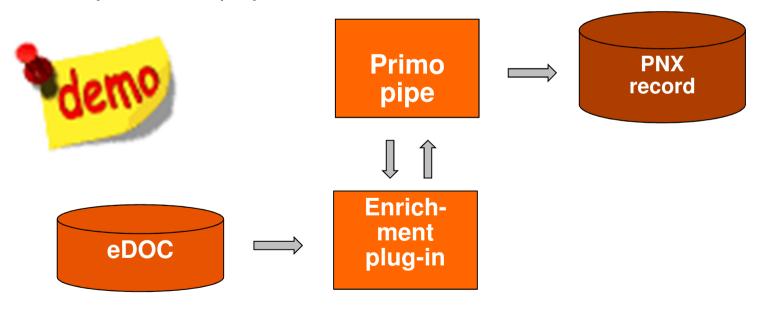
- If a processed record is article, its XML tag 599 contains Bibl.ID of the main record
- PPS uses this ID and accesses the index table of UBI
- If record found then PPS writes this article record into the data source of UBI



#### Changing Primo Full display – Enrichment Plug-In

We developed an enrichment plug-in manipulating data in PNX record

- Currently it "expands" texts of abstracts extracted from eDOC into the Primo full display
- The program accesses eDOC DB, fetches object and formats it as necessary for the display section of PNX record



#### **Full Text Indexing Odyssey**

It works now as we wanted, but the road was long and winding!



.... and we were pioneers of this road

#### **Full Text Indexing Odyssey**

# We decided to develop indexing plug-in and transport text objects into Primo by means of Primo import tool

- the "import of pnx extensions" tool runs outside of Primo pipes
- each imported object is stored as an addition to pnx record "pnx extension" these both are then indexed
- the approach provides important decoupling of processing of bibliographic data and linked digital objects (both may have various update frequencies etc.)



#### **Full Text Indexing Odyssey**

### On completion of plug-in in10/2009, quite a lot of time and work was necessary to complete the planned implementation

- a good co-operation with Exl developers brought functional improvements to the original approach
- many problems and bugs were solved and fixed
- a stable solution came from ExI in April 2010
- quite a lot from our work Exl brought to Primo 3 ©
- current solution may produce "redundant" data!





#### **Additional Web Services**

We also had a chance to integrate and develop the

following web services in Primo

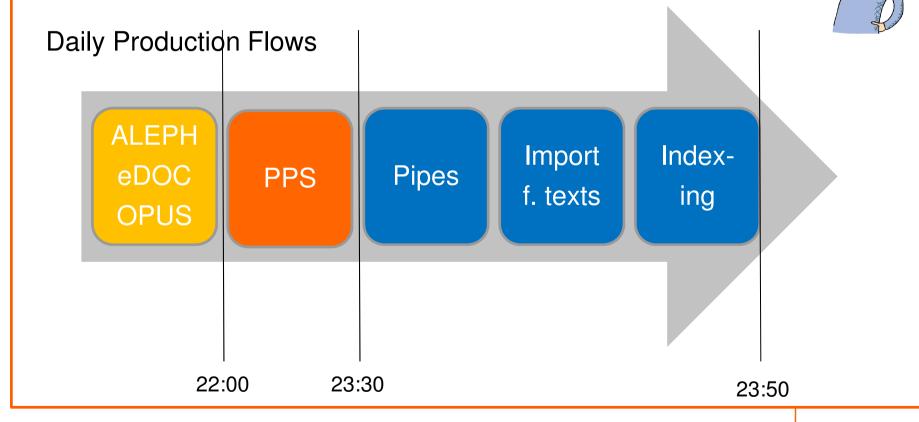
- Web 2.0 Features
  - tagging and reviews, social web and bookmarking
- Books Preview (Google books)
- Linking to Wikipedia (German)
- Location maps for libraries (Open street





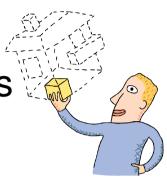
#### **Production Workflows Overview 2010**

We are happy and proud of our Primo Base, it works now **fully** as it should from 04.2010 ;-)



# **Objectives 2009 - Base Primo Implementation**

Having implemented PPS and integrating it into Primo workflows we have also met the following three objectives:



- Implement solutions and workflows enabling easy integration of new institutions
- High level of automation for all operations
- All three participants run Primo productive / Q.1 2010



# EXPERIENCES and TO DO

#### **Experiences**

Multi tenancy is even more important than expected; at the moment

- No free or at least restricted access to production server within the shared environment possible
- Transfer of data from test to production server is difficult
- Problems with data export of a view
- Parameterization of Deduplication and FRBR act on the whole instance

Primo Version 3 and even more the new 2011 Primo data model is highly awaited from Ex Libris



#### To Do

# High availability is crucial for this architecture

- Still unsolved problems with Oracle RAC (Real Time Application Cluster)
- "Certified" by Ex Libris does not mean, that it is always working
  - We found failover problems with Primo itself
- Testing RAC/Primo in cooperation with Ex Libris
- At the moment Ex Libris uses not thoroughly tested versions of Oracle (RAC)
  - In professional training units there was strong advice, to use sufficiently patched versions only
  - Four out of five tests tried by our system administrators failed ...



#### To Do

#### Better use of virtualisation

- Unnecessary hardware has high impact on project costs
- -Only 5% of search machine infrastructure used at the moment
- We had to "force" Ex Libris that we can use virtualisation via KVM on our test machines → it works smoothly
- Migration to Primo Version 3 is pending is there really a reason to buy new machines for this?
- As far as we know, the hype technology "cloud" depends fundamentally on virtualisation ...

We will address and solve this issues in cooperation with Ex Libris!



# **EFFORTS and COSTS**

# **Efforts: Implementation**

# Principal architecture and technical infrastructure

- Duration: about 1 year
- Core work has been done by a five members team of OBVSG
  - 2 system librarians
  - 2 analysts / programmers
  - 1 system administrator
- More servers needed than we had expected



## **Efforts: Implementation**

#### Front End interfaces and Shibboleth

- Duration: several months
- up to 3 full time system librarians at the University of Vienna and at the University of Innsbruck

# Data manipulations

- Checks for and corrections of incorrect or incomplete data in the central catalogue
- Standardisation of holdings data elements



## **Efforts: Implementation**

The project implementation would not be possible without excellent co-operation with participating institutions and support and solutions provided by Ex Libris.

## **On-going costs**

# Complex system of high quality needs an appropriate amount of resources

- Developing of standard procedures and homogeneous data situation makes the situation manageable
- Start efforts can be split about the implementers
- Newly entering institutions can strongly benefit from the work done



# **On-going costs**

#### Cost situation

- FTE 1: fulltime equivalent of qualified IT staff
- FTE 2: fulltime equivalent of high qualified library staff
- No licences considered
- Hardware, IT infrastructure, system operation and data preparation included

	FTE 1	FTE 2
Small institution	23%	29%
Medium institution	61%	77%
Big institution	98%	123%
Very big institution	117%	146%

# **NEXT STEPS**

## **Next steps**

- Migration to Primo Version 3
- Evaluation of Primo Central
- New participants
- Further improve quality and completeness of data and service levels

# **CONCLUSION**

#### **Conclusion**

# Implementation

- Our biggest project since introduction of Aleph
- Went to full production reaching main goals
- Established intense cooperation between Ex Libris,
   OBVSG and the Universities of Vienna and Innsbruck

#### **Conclusion**

## Consortium benefits

- Concentration of resources and know how to form a critical mass
- Preparation of standard solutions, which can be further tailored to fulfil individual needs
- High service level at competitive costs

#### **Conclusion**

#### **Future**

- We are looking forward to the announced improvements
- We are confident to increase the service quality even more
- Looking forward to the substitution of the Aleph OPAC and coverage of journal articles
- Discovering still new and fascinating possibilities ...

#### Thanks!

#### THANK YOU FOR YOUR PATIENCE!

Wolfgang.Hamedinger@obvsg.at Victor.Babitchev@obvsg.at

The Austrian Library Network

#### Visit our Primo views:

http://usearch.univie.ac.at/ - Univ. Vienna

http://search.obvsg.at/UIB - Univ. Innsbruck

http://search.obvsg.at/UVW - Vet.-med. Univ. Vienna

http://search.obvsg.at/ACC - the Consortium view

