



USE.pt

http://arts.fe.up.pt/use/use.html

Documentation Services (Library), U. Aveiro http://www.doc.ua.pt

CETAC.media

http://www.cetacmedia.org/en/

Communication and Art Department, U. Aveiro http://www.ua.pt/ca/

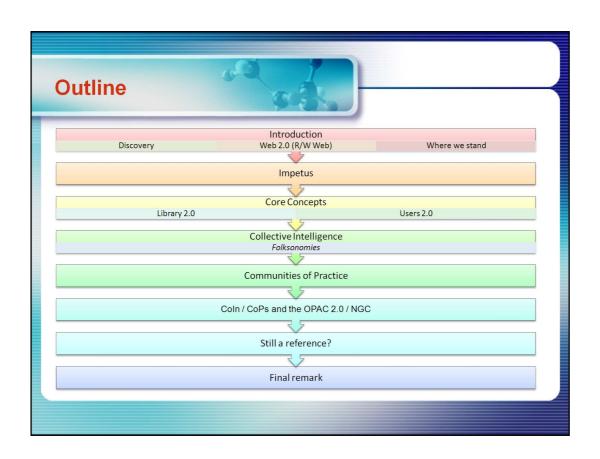
University of Aveiro, Portugal http://www.ua.pt/

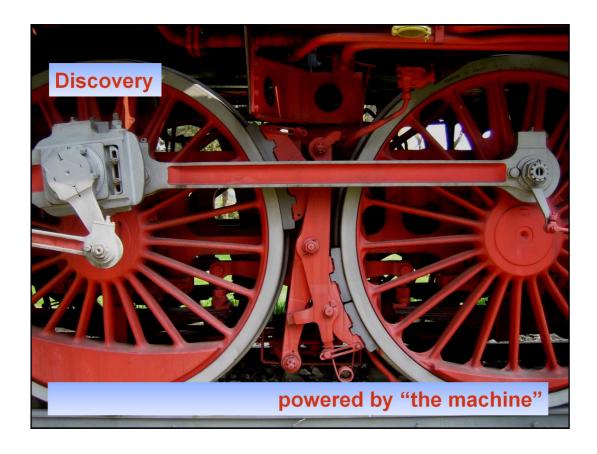
Why?

"He is wise who knows the sources of knowledge - who knows who has written and where it is to be found"

A. A. Hodge (1823-1886)

American Biographer



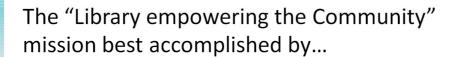


- Powered by "machine's artificial intelligence" (like the one provided by Ex Libris bX system/service)
- Information Integration / federated search / metadata repositories, like EXL MetaLih / Primo Central or some Open Source projects target intend to implement;
- Mashup algorithms



powered by patrons' "natural intelligence" / Collective Intelligence

Discovery



A Library empowered by the Community!



Before, a quick word about Web 2.0:

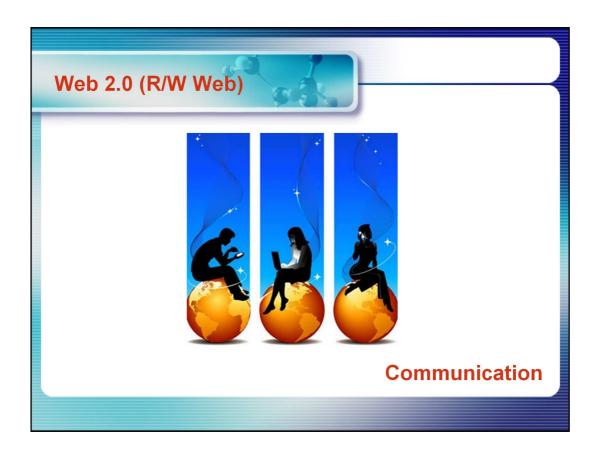
Web 2.0 can be demarked from the 1.0 for being extremely rich in both user interactivity and eased user contribution (being encouraged, highly appreciated, rewarded, you might say).

Once those were enabled, Web 2.0 became characterized by 3 Cs, that we shall revisit next.

Well, we can actually say the Web 2.0 it's all about...

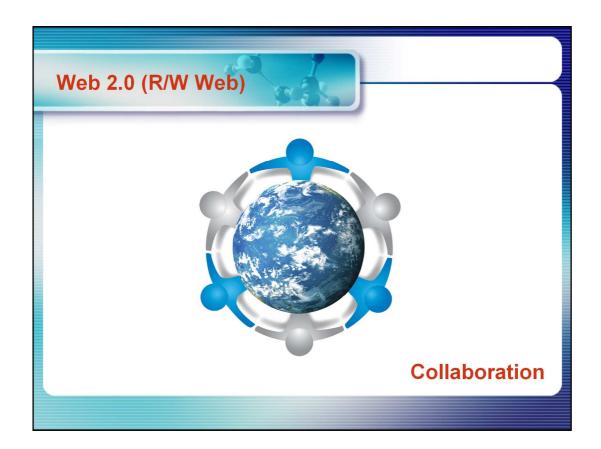


Creativity



... and it's all about Communication.

And these two combined with a specific purpose in mind: it's also very much all about >



Collaboration

These 3Cs combined (creativity, communication & collaboration) rapidly gave place to >



... ad-hoc communities being explicitly created or implicitly identified.



Portugal, five centuries ago:

The Age of Discoveries

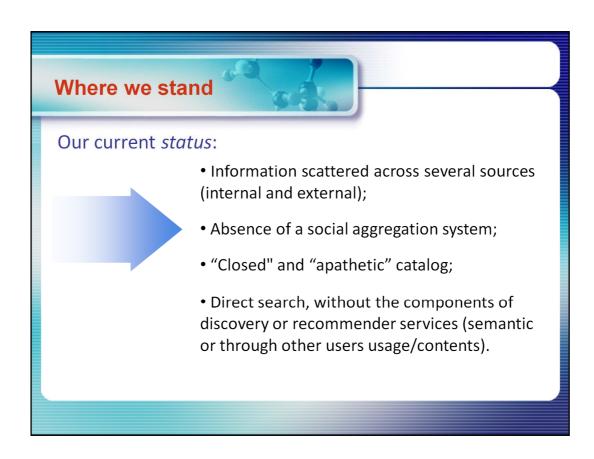
Libraries and Documentation Centers, a new era begins:

The Age of Discovery



Search complemented with discovery

Shall I dare to compare the joy of our users when finding exactly what they need with the one of the sailor seeing firm land?



• Information scattered across several sources (internal and external);

UA has 120+ institutional blogs (based at UA servers!) and several CMS based portals (Drupal)

... plus many, many others in the Clouds!!

... information produced by our users scatered across several external services;

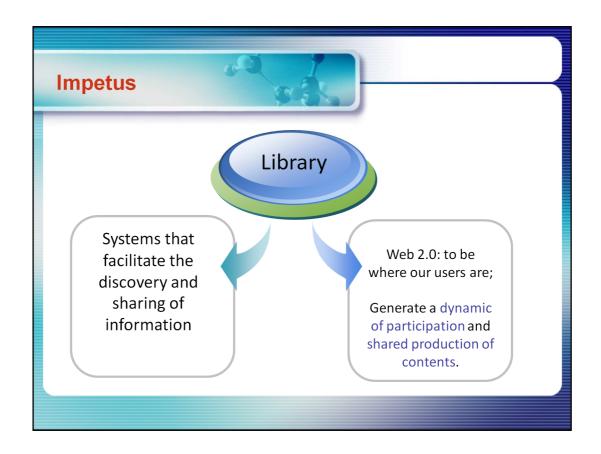
... not possible to be agregated

... almost invisible to the rest of the community or even without any garanty of preservation for future usage by other members of our community

• Absence of a social aggregation system;

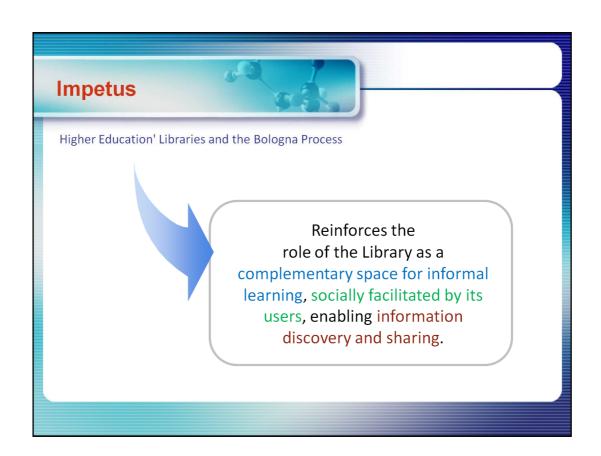
What are our users creating outside of our "box"? Or even inside?

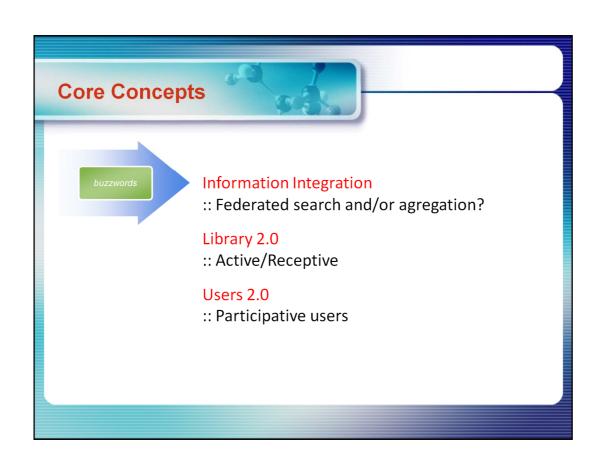
- "Closed" and "apathetic" bibliographic information system;
- Direct search, without the components of discovery or recommender services (semantic or through other users usage/contents).

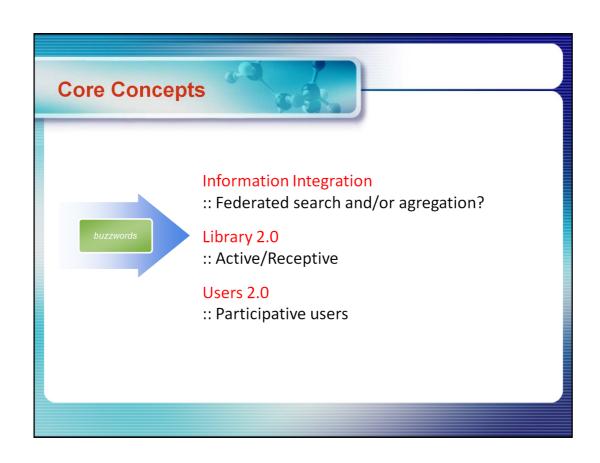


Strong bet in web 2.0 tools and services: to be where our users are;

Generate a dynamic of participation and shared production of contents.









Coerent, really embrace the concept as a natural part of Library's mission, not a forced one

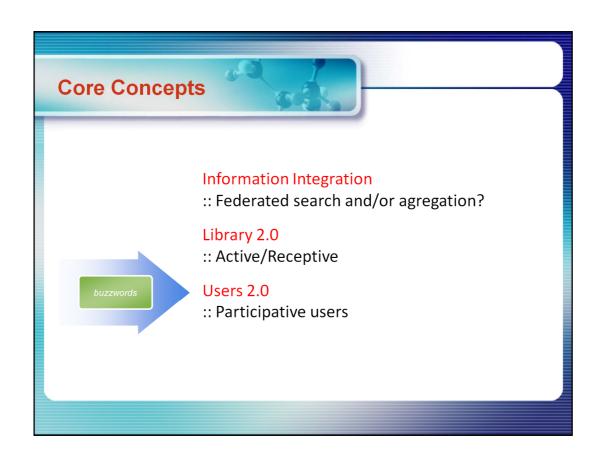


Not because everyone else is doing it



You're not alone

But don't worry: there's nothing new here; it's just re-invented and used in a diferent context (nothing that we cannot deal with)





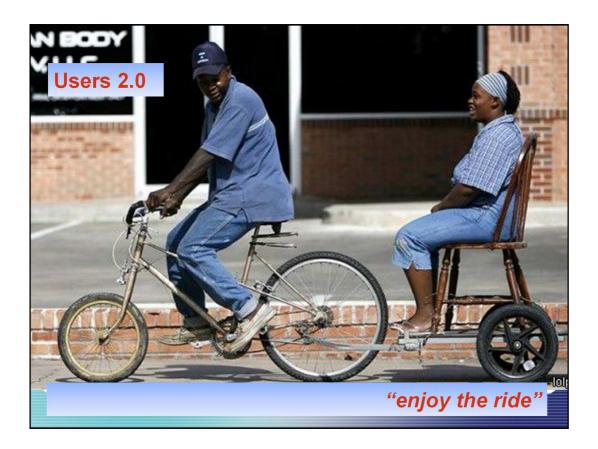
Such a discovery and social aggregator system should cope with the Net Generation (students) and >



... "digital immigrants"

(but perhaps nothing new here: major part of the faculty members has to deal with web 2.0 in remaning activities)

-- many of them trying to find their true colors in this new world

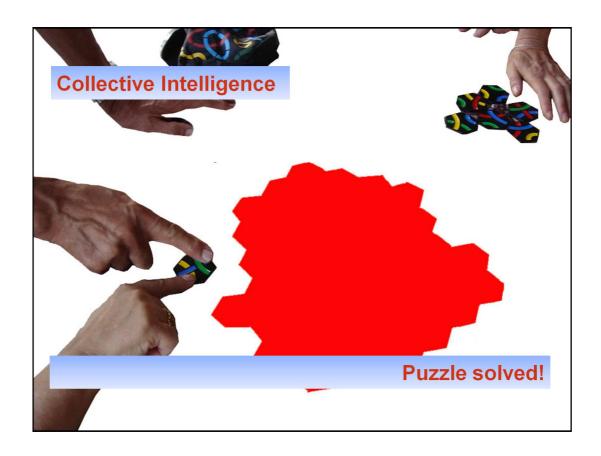


The good news is that by harnessing user contribution, we just have to sit back and enjoy the ride.



LEVY, PIERRE - Collective Intelligence: Mankind's Emerging World in Cyberspace. {Perseus Books Group}, 1999. ISBN 0738202614.

(translated from the French by Robert Bononno)



CoIn: shared or group intelligence

"It is a form of universally distributed intelligence, constantly enhanced, coordinated in real time, and resulting in the effective mobilization of skills..."

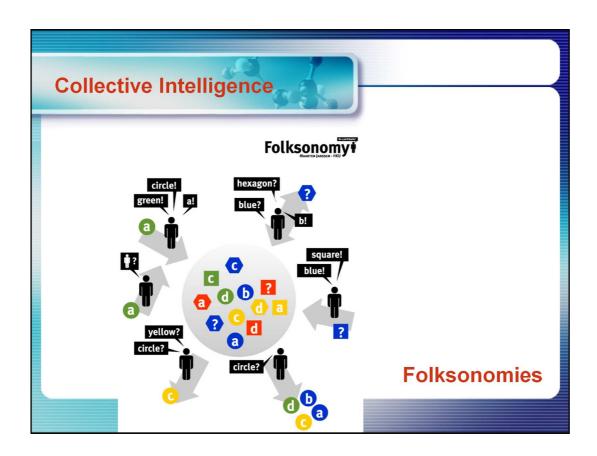
LEVY, PIERRE - <u>Collective Intelligence</u>: <u>Mankind's Emerging World in Cyberspace</u>. {Perseus <u>Books Group}</u>, 1999. ISBN 0738202614.

(translated from the French by Robert Bononno)

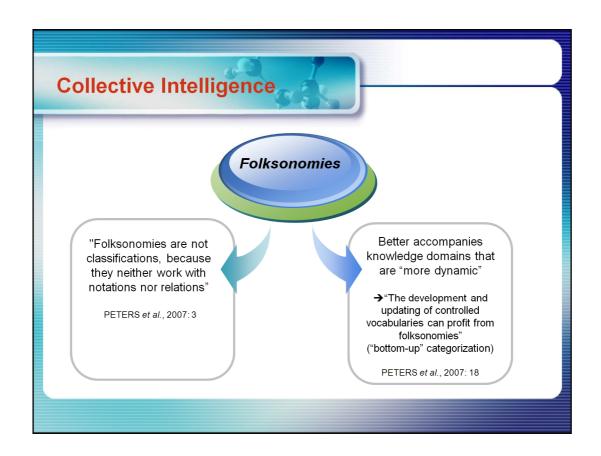
Collective Intelligence



Folksonomies



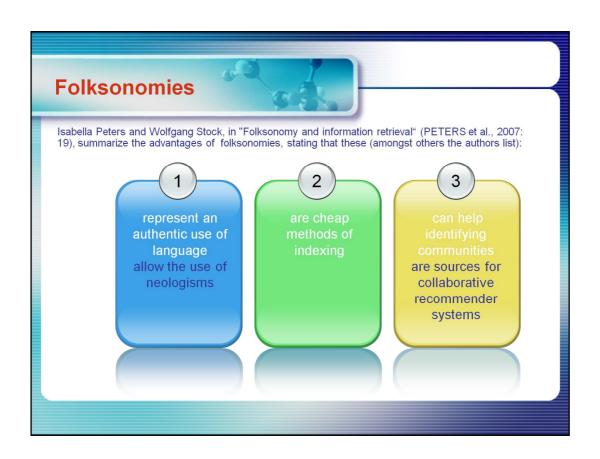
Author: Maarteen Janssen - HKU



PETERS, I.; STOCK, W. G. - Folksonomy and information retrieval. <u>Proceedings of the ASIST Annual Meeting. ISSN 15508390 (ISSN); 0877155399 (ISBN); 9780877155393 (ISBN). Vol. 44 (2007).</u>

Isabella Peters / Wolfgang G. Stock

Heinrich-Heine-University Düsseldorf



1.1

referring to the use of terms in natural language - something that can be very beneficial in natural language information retrieval, the current big trend (google like search)

1.2

That is, new words or new meanings

2. referring to the voluntary character in the assignment of "tags" by the "prosumers"

3.1

Better, of the elements that may belong to one of these virtual communities, when the system that store and allow consultation of "user < > tags attributed" relation)

[&]quot;Tagging shows a lot of benefits"

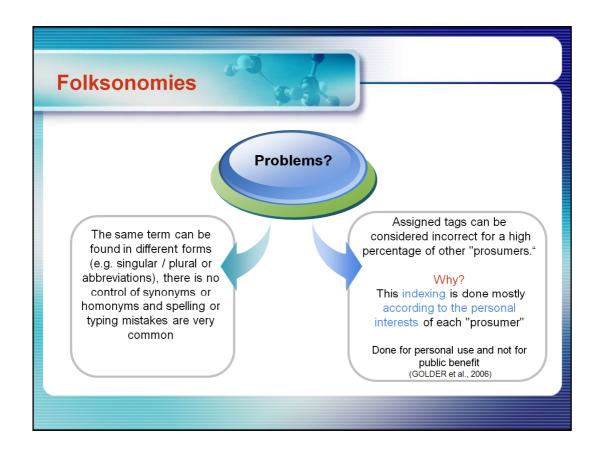
Folksonomies

However, all these advantages, most of them derived from the freedom of using an indexing that is not restricted to a controlled vocabulary, have a price to pay, that should not be attributed to the "tags" themselves (an elementary system of indexing) but to the behavior of the "prosumers" →

* Shirky, 2004, quoted by Peters et al., 2007, p. 19, referring to the lack of precision in "tags" assignment

Prosumers: coined by Alvin Toffler ("The Third Wave", 1980), predicting that the role of producers and consumers would begin to blur and merge

Shirky, C. (2004, 25-08-2004). Folksonomy (Blog Many-to-Many). Retrieved 04/12/2008, from http://many.corante.com/archives/2004/08/25/folksonomy.php



1.

According to a study conducted in 2006 and presented in the article "Foksonomies: Tidying up tags?" published in the journal D-Lib Magazine (2006, vol. 12, paragraph 1),

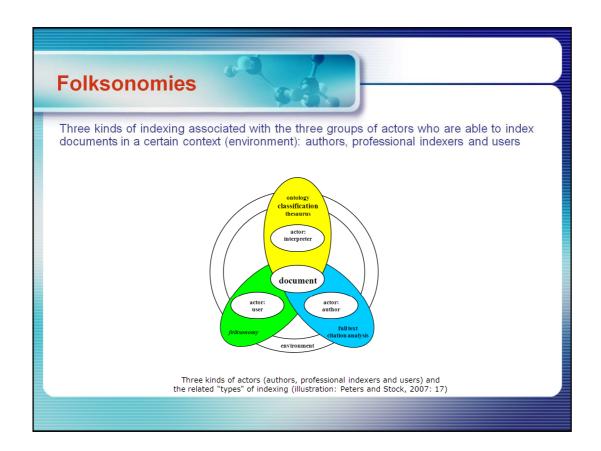
about 40% of tags present in Flickr (online photos management and sharing service) and 28% of the Del.icio.us ("Social Bookmarking")

"were either misspelt, from a language not available via the software used, encoded in a manner that was not understood by the dictionary software, or compound words consisting of more than two words or a mixture of languages".(Guy et al, 2006, cited by Peters et al., 2007, p. 19))

GUY, M.; TONKIN, E. - Folksonomies: Tidying up tags? <u>D-Lib Magazine</u>. ISSN 1082-9873. Vol. 12, n.º 1 (2006).

2.

GOLDER, SCOTT A.; HUBERMAN, BERNARDO A. - Usage patterns of collaborative tagging systems. <u>Journal of Information Science</u>. <u>ISSN 01655515</u>. <u>Vol. 32</u>, n.º 2 (2006), p. 11.



"Text-oriented methods make use of the author's language, e.g. in forms of indexing titles, abstracts or references (Garfield, 1979).

In contrast to text-orientated methods folksonomies do not only represent the producer's view, but the views of the consumers as well.

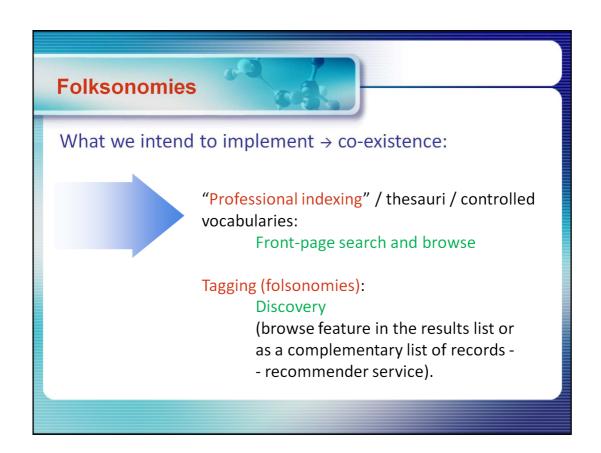
Ontologies and other tools of controlled vocabularies (like thesauri or classification systems) are in need of interpreters:

- a) experts who create such vocabularies and
- b) other experts who are able to use the controlled terms in order to index the documents.

Ontology-creating interpreters have to analyze "literature, needs, actors, tasks, domain, activities, etc." (Mai, 2006, p. 17) – undoubtedly a time-consuming

procedure. What is more, this system is very expensive. In comparison, folksonomies are cheap in practice because the indexing is done by

volunteers in a collaborative way."



Co-existence "professional indexing" / folsonomies: best of both worlds

This way terms in tagging are set in context, which they lack by nature ("flat indexing")

Communities of Practice

Library 2.0 / Users 2.0: making the thriving connection

Jack Maness (2007)

"Library 2.0 is not about searching, but finding; not about access, but sharing. Library 2.0 recognizes that human beings do not seek and utilize information as individuals, but as communities"

MANESS, JACK M. - Library 2.0 Theory: Web 2.0 and Its Implications for Libraries. Webology. ISSN 1735-188X. Vol. 3, n.º 2 (2007).

Communities of Practice

But which communities can be considered CoPs?



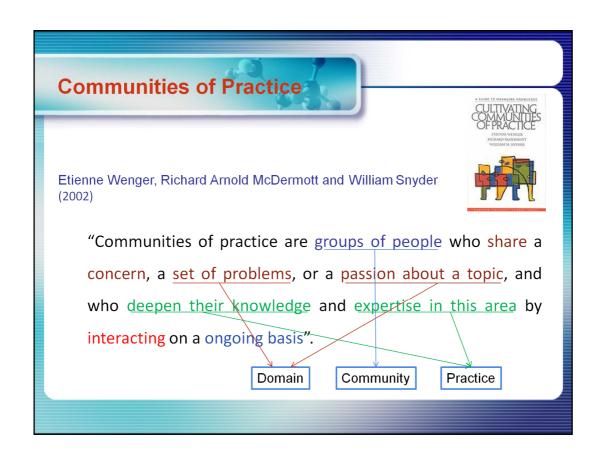
Etienne Wenger, Richard Arnold McDermott and William Snyder (2002)

"Communities of practice are groups of people who share a concern, a set of problems, or a passion about a topic, and who deepen their knowledge and expertise in this area by interacting on a ongoing basis".

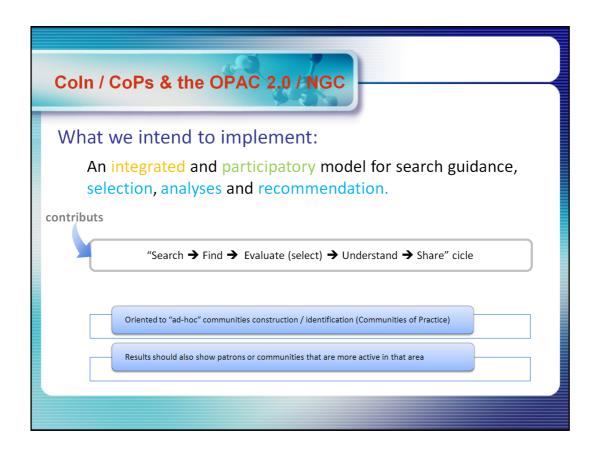
WENGER, ETIENNE; MCDERMOTT, RICHARD; SNYDER, WILLIAM - <u>Cultivating</u> communities of practice. Boston: Harvard Business School Press, 2002. ISBN 1-57851-330-8.



WENGER, ETIENNE; MCDERMOTT, RICHARD; SNYDER, WILLIAM - <u>Cultivating</u> communities of practice. Boston: Harvard Business School Press, 2002. ISBN 1-57851-330-8.



[&]quot;Practice" is also about "interacting on a ongoing basis"



What we intend to implement:

A model for an innovative bibliographic information search system, where not only the document is the point of reference, but to a new extent, the user himself and all its surrounding (activities and information associated with his/her profile or community to which he/she belongs), assuming a crucial dimension of generating additional information by the users of the system (enhanced by computer agents aggregators of information), fostering social networks and communities of practice.

Namely to get it's contributes to the "Search → Find → Evaluate (select) → Understand → Share" cicle



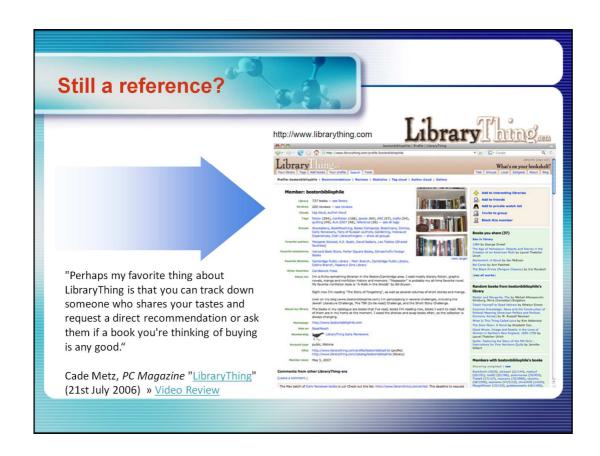








Photo Credits

Slide # / Name

5 wheel

http://www.sxc.hu/photo/1175115

6. Funny_Pictures_59913

http://www.lolpix.com/ pics/Funny Pictures 599/Funny Pictures 59913.jpg

8 2

http://www.stardoll.com/pt/help/section.php?sectionId=2

9. Effect_059

http://my.opera.com/m2m99/albums/showpic.dml?album=565105&picture=7821741

10. Vector Communication Banners

http://www.aiesec.org.br/website/escritorios/franca/contato.php

11. DEN_HERO

http://community.discoveryeducation.com/about/webinar_archives

12. Girls

http://www.sxc.hu/photo/950943

Photo Credits

Slide # / Name

19. Funny_Pictures_5968

http://www.lolpix.com/ pics/Funny Pictures 596/Funny Pictures 5968.jpg

http://www.acreditesequiser.net/2009/07/05/migracao-ou-festa/

21R. Funny_Pictures_60010

http://www.lolpix.com/ pics/Funny Pictures 600/Funny Pictures 60010.jpg

21L. 504x_DoingltWrong_Auto_3 http://cache.gawker.com/assets/images/12/2009/02/504x_DoingltWrong_Auto_3.jpg

